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#### **BALANCE OF PAYMENTS, AUSTRALIA, FEBRUARY 1994**

#### MAIN FEATURES

Estimates of the main balance of payments aggregates for February 1994, the three preceding months and year-to-date are shown below. These estimates are preliminary and subject to revision. Particular care should be taken in interpreting month-to-month movements, as indicated in the note on page 6 on Reliability of Contemporary Trend Estimates and in paragraph 4 of the Explanatory Notes on page 14. Certain items have been estimated using extrapolation techniques until source data become available.

			1993-9	)4		Jul-Fel	b
	Nov	Dec	Jan	Feb	1992-93	1993-94	Change(a)
		\$	million		\$	million	%
			Λ	lot seasona	illy adjusted		
Balance on current account	- 1,581	- 1,027	- 1,354	- 884	- 10,175	- 11,116	- 9
Balance on merchandise trade	- 253	144	- 33	195	652	- 655	
Net services	- 6	- 15	<b>- 1</b>	211	- 1,907	- 867	+ 55
Net-income	- 1,354	-1,195	- 1,345	- 1,350	- 9,561	- 9,991	<b>- 4</b>
Net unrequited transfers	32	39	25	60	641	397	- 38
Official capital	1,451	2,478	5,198	- 2,063	12,753	8,765	4+
Non-official capital plus balancing item	130	- 1,451	- 3,844	2,947	- 2,578	2,351	**
			S	easonally e	adjusted		
Balance on current account	- 1,364	- 1,575	- 1,223	- 1,256	**	••	**
Balance on merchandise trade	98	- 310	152	273	••		••
Net services	- 100	<b>- 9</b> 7	- 137	- 160			**
Net income	- 1,396	- 1,205	- 1,314	- 1,418	**		••
Net unrequited transfers	34	37	76	49	**		**
\$US exchange rate (per unit of \$A)(b)	0.6649	0.6728	0.6956	0.7161	••	••	••
Trade weighted index (base May 1970 = 100)(b)	49.4	50.2	53.1	53.9	••		••

(a) For current account aggregates a minus sign means an increase in a deficit or a reduction in a surplus and a plus sign means a decrease in a deficit or an increase in a surplus. (b) Period averages.

In seasonally adjusted terms, the current account deficit for February rose \$33 million, or 3 per cent, to \$1,256 million.

The increase in the deficit was caused by:

- an increase of \$104 million (8 per cent) in the net income deficit;
- an increase of \$23 million (17 per cent) in the net services deficit; and
- a decrease of \$27 million (36 per cent) in the net unrequited transfers surplus.

Partly offsetting these movements in income, services and unrequited transfers was an increase of \$121 million (80 per cent) in the surplus on merchandise trade (merchandise exports fell 1 per cent, while merchandise imports fell 4 per cent).

The provisional trend estimate for the February current account deficit was \$1,334 million, down \$19 million, or 1 per cent, on the provisional trend estimate for January.

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#### Changes in Next Issue - See article on page 7.

INQUIRIES

• for further information about these and related unpublished statistics, contact Mr Peter Morrow on Canberra (06) 252 6689 or Ms Marie Flint on Canberra (06) 252 5540, or any ABS State office.

• for information about other ABS statistics and services please refer to the back page of this publication.

#### ANALYSIS OF SELECTED MAJOR AGGREGATES

#### February 1994 compared with January 1994

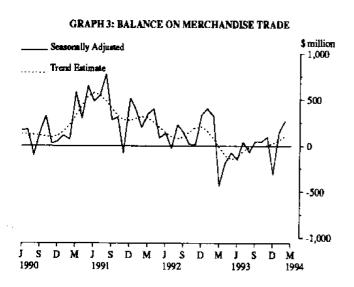
#### Balance on goods and services

The seasonally adjusted balance on goods and services recorded a surplus of \$113 million, an increase of \$98 million on the surplus recorded in January.

# GRAPH 2: BALANCE ON GOODS AND SERVICES Seasonally Adjusted Trend Estimate 500 -1,000 -1,500 -1,500 1990 1991 1992 1993 1994

#### Balance on merchandise trade

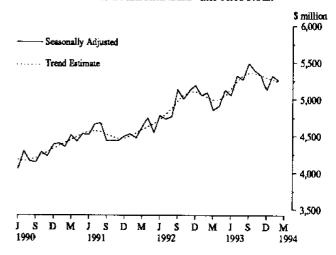
The seasonally adjusted balance on merchandise trade recorded a surplus of \$273 million, an increase of \$121 million on the surplus recorded in January.



#### Merchandise exports

Seasonally adjusted exports f.o.b. fell \$66 million, or 1 per cent, to \$5,256 million. Rural exports fell \$90 million, or 6 per cent, to \$1,509 million. Non-rural exports rose \$24 million, or 1 per cent, to \$3,747 million.

#### GRAPH 4: MERCHANDISE - EXPORTS F.O.R.



In original terms, exports rose \$50 million, or 1 per cent, to \$4,811 million.

Rural exports in original terms rose \$28 million, or 2 per cent, to \$1,426 million. Increases were recorded in:

- cereals, up \$100 million or 35 per cent (due mainly to increased volumes of wheat exports);
- "other" rural exports, up \$20 million or 4 per cent; and
- meat, up \$9 million or 4 per cent.

Decreases were recorded in wool, down \$69 million or 25 per cent (due mainly to decreased volumes of greasy wool exports); and sugar, down \$32 million or 26 per cent.

Non-rural exports in original terms rose \$22 million, or 1 per cent, to \$3,385 million. The most significant increases were recorded in:

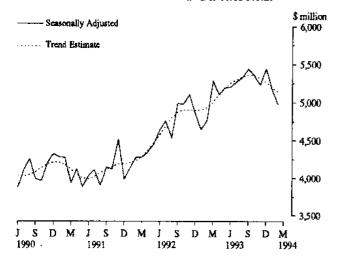
- transport equipment, up \$97 million or 147 per cent (with all components recording increases);
- machinery, up \$63 million or 21 per cent (all components recording increases, with the largest being office machines and ADP equipment); and
- "other" manufactures, up \$47 million or 10 per cent (with most components recording increases).

The largest decreases were recorded in "other" metals, down \$78 million or 19 per cent (due mainly to decreased volumes of aluminium exports); gold, down \$72 million or 13 per cent (due mainly to decreased volumes); and metal ores and minerals, down \$52 million or 9 per cent (due mainly to decreased exports of iron ore).

#### Merchandise imports

Seasonally adjusted *imports f.o.b.* fell \$187 million, or 4 per cent, to \$4,983 million.

#### GRAPH 5: MERCHANDISE - IMPORTS F.O.B.



In original terms, *imports* fell \$178 million, or 4 per cent, to \$4,616 million. The largest decreases were recorded in:

- machinery, down \$79 million or 5 per cent (with most components recording decreases);
- civil aircraft, down \$50 million (with no imports of civil aircraft in February, compared to the import of one aircraft valued at \$50 million in January);
- "other" transport equipment, down \$37 million or 35 per cent;
- · chemicals, down \$37 million or 7 per cent; and
- metals and metal manufactures, down \$34 million or 13 per cent.

The most significant increases occurred in road vehicles, up \$41 million, or 9 per cent; and "other" manufactures, up \$24 million or 2 per cent.

#### Net services

The seasonally adjusted net services deficit increased \$23 million, or 17 per cent, to \$160 million. Services credits rose \$14 million, or 1 per cent, while services debits rose \$37 million or 2 per cent.

#### Net income

The seasonally adjusted net income deficit rose \$104 million, or 8 per cent, to \$1,418 million. Income credits rose \$9 million, or 2 per cent, while income debits rose \$113 million or 6 per cent.

#### Net unrequited transfers

The seasonally adjusted net unrequited transfers surplus fell \$27 million, or 36 per cent. Unrequited transfers credits rose \$3 million, while unrequited transfers debits rose \$30 million or 17 per cent.

#### Net capital transactions

In original terms, the net capital transactions of the official sector recorded a net outflow of \$2,063 million in February, a turnaround of \$7,261 million on the net inflow recorded in January.

The February estimate consisted of:

- a net outflow of \$2,157 million in general government transactions, a turnaround of \$7,140 million on the net inflow recorded in January; and
- a net inflow of \$94 million in Reserve Bank transactions, a decrease of \$121 million on the January inflow.

The change in general government transactions was mainly due to State government borrowing domiciled abroad which recorded an outflow of \$2,065 million, a turnaround of \$4,134 million on the January inflow. Also contributing to the change was a decrease of \$2,659 million in general government borrowing domiciled in Australia, which recorded a net inflow of \$215 million in February.

The change in Reserve Bank transactions in February mainly reflected decreased sales of official reserve assets.

#### Exchange rates

During February the \$A appreciated 2 per cent on a tradeweighted index basis (using period average exchange rates) against the currencies of Australia's major trading partners, by 3 per cent against the \$US, and by 4 per cent against the UK pound.

Comparing rates at the end of February 1994 with those at the end of June 1993, the \$A has appreciated by 8 per cent on a trade-weighted basis against the currencies of Australia's major trading partners, by 7 per cent against the \$US and by 8 per cent against the UK pound.

Eight months ended February 1994 compared with eight months ended February 1993 —

In original terms, the balance on current account deficit for the eight months ended February 1994 was \$11,116 million, up \$941 million, or 9 per cent, on the deficit for the eight months ended February 1993.

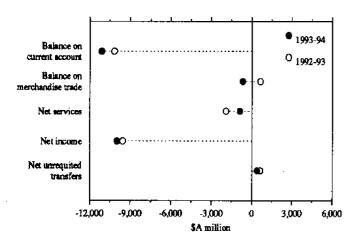
The result was due to:

 a turnaround of \$1,307 million, from a surplus to a deficit, in the balance on merchandise trade;

- an increase of \$430 million (4 per cent) in the net income deficit; and
- a decrease of \$244 million (38 per cent) in the net unrequited transfers surplus.

The movements in merchandise trade, income and unrequited transfers were partly offset by a decrease of \$1,040 million, or 55 per cent, in the net services deficit.

### GRAPH 6: BALANCE OF PAYMENTS AGGREGATES - EIGHT MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY

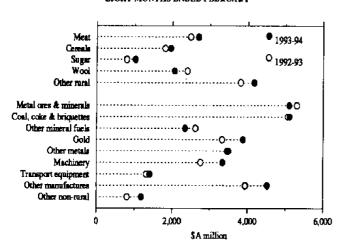


Merchandise exports rose \$2,331 million, or 6 per cent, to \$42,176 million. The largest increases were recorded in:

- machinery, up \$582 million (21 per cent);
- "other" manufactures, up \$576 million (15 per cent);
- gold, up \$550 million (17 per cent);
- "other" non-rural exports, up \$375 million (46 per cent);
- "other" rural exports, up \$359 million (9 per cent);
- sugar, up \$225 million (29 per cent); and
- meat, up \$216 million (9 per cent).

The most significant decreases were recorded in wool, down \$338 million (14 per cent); "other" mineral fuels,

GRAPH 7: MERCHANDISE EXPORTS -EIGHT MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY

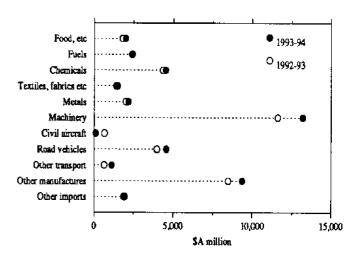


down \$274 million (10 per cent); and metal ores and minerals, down \$204 million (4 per cent).

Merchandise imports rose \$3,638 million, or 9 per cent, to \$42,831 million. Increases were recorded in all groups except civil aircraft, which fell \$560 million (85 per cent); and fuels, which fell \$59 million (2 per cent). The largest increases were recorded in:

- machinery, up \$1,598 million (14 per cent);
- "other" manufactures, up \$873 million (10 per cent);
- road vehicles, up \$593 million (15 per cent); and
- "other" transport equipment, up \$470 million (74 per cent).

#### GRAPH & MERCHANDISE IMPORTS -EIGHT MONTHS ENDED FEBRUARY



The net services deficit fell \$1,040 million, or 55 per cent, to \$867 million. Services credits increased by \$1,260 million, or 13 per cent, due largely to increases of \$682 million in travel credits, \$307 million in "other" transportation credits and \$232 million in "other" services credits. Services debits rose \$220 million or 2 per cent, due largely to increases of \$140 million in "other" services debits and \$67 million in shipment debits.

The *net income* deficit rose \$430 million, or 4 per cent, to \$9,991 million. Income credits rose \$125 million, or 3 per cent, due mainly to an increase in reinvested earnings, which was partly offset by a fall in other investment income receivable. Income debits rose \$555 million, or 4 per cent, due mainly to increases in interest payable on official sector borrowing, reinvested earnings and other property income. These increases were partly offset by a decrease in interest payable on non-official sector borrowing from unrelated enterprises abroad.

The net unrequited transfers surplus fell \$244 million, or 38 per cent, to \$397 million. Unrequited transfers credits fell \$236 million, or 11 per cent, due mainly to a decline in migrants' transfers. Unrequited transfers debits rose \$8 million or 1 per cent.

Official sector capital transactions for the eight months ended February 1994 yielded a net inflow of \$8,765 million, compared with a net inflow of \$12,753 million for the

corresponding period of the previous financial year. The change was the result of:

- an inflow of \$9,283 million in general government transactions, up \$2,033 million on the inflow for the eight months to February 1993; and
- an outflow of \$518 million in Reserve Bank transactions, a turnaround of \$6,021 million on the inflow for the eight months to February 1993.

The increased inflow from general government transactions was largely due to State government borrowing domiciled abroad, which rose \$1,300 million, to an inflow of \$6,971 million; and an increase of \$1,154 million, to an inflow of \$3,299 million, in general government borrowing domiciled in Australia. Net purchases of official reserve assets, compared to net sales for the corresponding period of the previous financial year, was the main factor underlying the change in Reserve Bank transactions.

#### REVISIONS

Revisions since the last issue of this publication have reduced the current account deficit for the first seven months of the current financial year by \$25 million.

The main factors contributing to the revisions are as follows:

- for services, incorporation of revisions to travel and other services credits and debits. The net effect of these revisions was to reduce the net services deficit by \$50 million;
- for income, incorporation of revisions to other property income and labour and other income credits and debits.
   The net effect of these revisions was to increase the net income deficit by \$37 million; and
- for unrequited transfers, minor revisions to migrants' transfers credits and debits. The net effect of these revisions was to increase the net unrequited transfers surplus by \$12 million.

#### Release date for March 1994 issue

The expected release date for the March issue of this publication is 4 May 1994. Any variations which might occur will be notified in the ABS Publications Advice (1105.0) and on DISCOVERY.

The date can be confirmed a few days prior to release by telephoning Canberra (06) 252 6627.

## RELIABILITY OF CONTEMPORARY TREND ESTIMATES

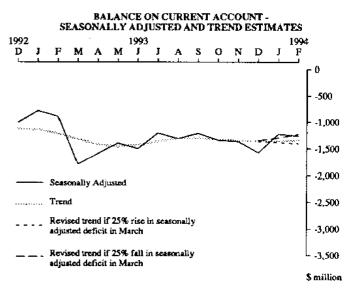
The table below presents trend estimates of the deficit on current account from December 1992 onwards, including provisional trend estimates for the latest three months (December 1993, January and February 1994).

To illustrate the possible impact of future months' observations on the provisional trend estimates for the latest three months, the table also shows the revisions to these trend estimates that would result if the seasonally adjusted estimate of the current account balance next month (March 1994) is 25 per cent higher or lower than this month and if there are no revisions to the current or previous months' estimates. The 25 per cent range has been chosen because in the last decade the average monthly percentage movement, without regard to sign, of the seasonally adjusted current account deficit has been about 25 per cent.

If the deficit were to increase in March by 25 per cent, to \$1,570 million, the provisional trend movement for that month would be 1.5 per cent. The movements in the trend estimates for December, January and February which are provisionally 0.6 per cent, -0.1 per cent and -1.4 per cent respectively, would be revised to 1.8 per cent, 1.3 per cent and 1.0 per cent, respectively. On the other hand, a 25 per cent decline in the seasonally adjusted deficit next month,

to \$942 million, would produce a trend movement of -5.6 per cent for March with the movements in the trend estimates for December, January and February being revised to -1.0 per cent, -3.5 per cent and -5.3 per cent, respectively.

The graph below illustrates this potential degree of revision at the current end of the trend series.



#### DEFICIT ON CURRENT ACCOUNT — RELIABILITY OF TREND ESTIMATES

		end Limate		end estimate if March 1994 sea on February 1994 (a)	• •	rrent account deficit - 5% on February 1994 (a)
	\$m	% change on previous month	\$m	% change on previous month	\$m	% change on previous month
1992-93 —						
December	1132	- 4.7	1132	<b>- 4.7</b>	1132	- 4.7
January	1140	0.7	1140	0.7	1140	0.7
February	1213	6.4	1213	6.4	1213	6.4
March	1319	8.7	1319	8.7	1319	8.7
April	1419	7.6	1419	7.6	1419	7.6
May	1462	3.0	1462	3.0	1462	3.0
June 1993-94 —	1431	- 2.1	1431	- 2.1	1431	- 2.1
July	1359	- 5.0	1359	- 5.0	1359	5.0
August	1304	- 4.0	1304	- 4.0	1304	- 4,0
September	1299	- 0.4	1292	- 0.9	1304	0.0
October	1326	2.1	1316	1.9	1337	2.5
November	1347	1.6	1343	2.1	1353	1.2
December	1355 р	0.6	1367	1.8	1339	- 1.0
January	1353 p	- 0.1	1385	1.3	1292	- 3.5
February	1334 p	- 1.4	1399	1.0	1224	- 5.3
March			1420	1.5	1155	- 5.6

<sup>(</sup>a) Assumes no revisions to the seasonally adjusted estimates of the current account balance for the 15 months December 1992 to February 1994.

#### **CHANGES IN NEXT ISSUE**

Note: This is a repeat of the article which appeared on page 7 of the January issue of this publication and on page 6 of the December quarter issue of the quarterly balance of payments publication (ABS Catalogue No. 5302.0).

Commencing with the next issue of this publication (scheduled for release on 4 May 1994) and the March quarter issue of the 5302.0 (scheduled for release on 1 June 1994), the commodity classification for presenting merchandise imports in balance of payments publications will change.

Currently, merchandise imports information in monthly, quarterly and annual balance of payments publications is presented in 11 broad commodity groupings which are based on the United Nations' Standard International Trade Classification Revision 3 (SITC R3), as well as being split into exogenous and endogenous imports. In the quarterly and annual publications, a further breakdown of endogenous imports by end-use categories (capital goods, consumption goods and other goods) is also provided.

From the March 1994 issues, the presentation of merchandise imports in all balance of payments publications will be changed as follows:

- the existing broad commodity groupings, together with the exogenous/endogenous split, will be removed from all balance of payments publications;
- the end-use categories, currently provided quarterly for endogenous imports only, will be extended to cover all merchandise imports and be included in monthly, quarterly and annual balance of payments publications;
- the three end-use categories will be divided into a total
  of 26 SITC R3-based commodity groupings, which
  have also been aligned to the United Nations' Classification of Broad Economic Categories (BEC).
  (These commodity groupings are shown in the table
  below, together with preliminary data for 1992-93); and
- most of these 26 SITC R3-based commodity groupings will be further sub-divided into a total of over 100 commodity sub-groupings. Although the information at this level of detail will not be included in balance of payments publications, it will be readily available as a special data service. (Details of these proposed subgroupings, together with preliminary data for 1992-93, are available from the ABS.)

Quarterly constant price estimates for each of the three enduse categories and each of the 26 commodity groupings will be included in quarterly balance of payments publications. The possibility of publishing seasonally adjusted estimates for the three end-use categories in both monthly and quarterly publications is being investigated.

These changes are being implemented primarily in response to user demand for a more detailed commodity breakdown of merchandise imports and a greater emphasis on end-use categories than that currently shown in balance of payments publications.

Although the exogenous/endogenous split was introduced into balance of payments publications in the mid 1980's as an aid to economic analysis, a number of factors have since eroded the usefulness of this split.

Firstly, changes in the economy over recent years have meant that an increasing number of "lumpy" items (e.g. tankers, drilling platforms, aircraft for non-major airlines, satellites) are being recorded in the "endogenous" category.

Secondly, recent changes in government arrangements have meant that a significant proportion of general government imports, which had accounted for up to twenty per cent of exogenous imports, are no longer readily identifiable from other imports.

To assist users in overcoming any discontinuities that may arise following the introduction of the new classification, historical series for each of the end-use categories, commodity groupings and commodity sub-groupings will be recompiled back to July 1981. The full historical series for each of the end-use categories and commodity groupings, together with constant price series, and where appropriate seasonally adjusted and trend series, will be published in an Information Paper, Change to Commodity Classification of Merchandise Imports in Balance of Payments Publications (ABS Catalogue No. 5344.0), which is scheduled for release on 14 April 1994, ahead of the changeover to the new classification in regular publications.

Details of the concordances between the current and the new publication categories, as well as between the new classification of merchandise imports and both SITC Rev 3 and BEC, will also be included in the Information Paper.

These changes will not affect the classification of merchandise imports in foreign trade publications and other releases.

Merchandise imports classification	(\$m) 1992/93
	15.007
Consumption Goods	15,926
Food and beverages, mainly for consumption	2,261
Household electrical items	1,382
Non-industrial transport equipment	3,478
Textiles, clothing and footwear	2,178
Toys, books and leisure goods	2,238
Consumption good nes	4,389
Capital Goods	13,655
Machinery and industrial equipment	5,446
ADP equipment	2,319
Telecommunications equipment	1,224
Civil aircraft	828
Industrial transport equipment nes	1,838
Capital goods nes	2,000
Intermediate and Other Goods	29,846
Food and beverages, mainly for industry	436
Primary industrial supplies nes	677
Fuels and lubricants	3,623
Parts for transport equipment	3,675
Parts for ADP equipment	1,423
Other parts for capital goods	4,232
Organic and inorganic chemicals	2,056
Paper and paperboard	1,381
Textile yam and fabrics	1,763
Iron and steel	946
Plastics	1,272
Non-monetary gold	1,019
Processed industrial supplies nes	7,135
Other goods	208
Total Imports	59,427

The price of the Information Paper is \$10.00. It can be obtained by completing the order form at the back of this publication or it can be purchased from the ABS Bookshop in your State capital.

TABLE 1. BALANCE OF PAYMENTS

							€)	(\$ million)												
		Years	•							¥	Months								July to Feb	ep.
	0007	1001	1007			I	1992-93							1993-94	7	ļ			1007	1002
	76	8	8	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	July	Aug.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.		ž 3.
Current transactions Goods and services Merchandise (a) Exports fob	52,155	54,874	1		4,667	4,663					5,382	181	5,410							42,176
Imports fob Balance on merchandise trade	-49,25651,05659,426 2,899 3,818 589	-51,056- 3,818		4,780	4,281 386	4 238 . 38	-5,557 -	4 8 4	4,911 421	4,962 28 1	1	408		- 655,5- 187	- 189,5 -253	167.5	- 4,74 - 33 - 33	4,616 195	-39,193- 652	559- -655
Services — Credits Debits Net services	12,999 13,954 14,863 -16,508 -16,751 -17,648 -3,509 -2,797 -2,785	13,954 14,863 -16,751 -17,648 -2,797 -2,785		1,302 -1,550 -248	1,447 -1,476 -29	1,429 -1,280 ·	1,247 -1,368 -	1,260 -1,440 -180	1,231 -1,436 -205	1,175 -1,547 -372	1,329 -1,604 -275	1,278 -1,501 -223	1,214 -1,605 -391	1,384 -1,551 -	1,431 -1,437 -6	1,486 -1,501 -15	1,545 -1,546 -	1,543 -1,332 -: 211 -	9,950 11,210 -11,857-12,077 -1,907 -867	1,210 2,077 -867
Balance on goods and services	-610	1,021 -2,196	-2,196	403	357	387	199-	-222	216	-274	474	-631	629	20	-259	129	34	406	-1,255	-1,522
Income — Credits Debits Net income	3,972 4,254 5,438 -22,100-20,141-19,925 -18,128-15,887-14,487	4,254 -20,141 -15,887		479 -1,552 -1,073	440 -1,565 -1,125	426 -1,452 -1,026	485 -1,727 -1,242	415 -1,679 -1,264	425 -1,668 - -1,243 -	437 -1,614 -	478 -1,651 - -1,173 -	520 -1,628 -1,108	532 -1,712 - -1,780 -	433 -1,719 - -1,286 -	471 -1,825 - -1,354 -	483 -1,678 - 201,1-	444 -1,789 -1,345	440 -1,790-1 -1,350 -	3,676 3,237 9,561	3,801 7–13,792 7–9,991
Unrequited transfers Credits Debits Net unrequited transfers	4,711 -2,283 2,428	4,584 -2,343 2,241	3,119 -2,392 727	258 -196 62	264 -222 42	259 -217 42	250 -192 58	255 -175 80	229 -192 37	228 -317 -89	252 -157 95	232 -174 58	210 -162 48	218 -178 40	230 -198 32	256 -217 39	261 -236 25	262	2,157 -1,516 641	1,921 -1,524 397
Balance on current account	-16,310 -12,625 -15,956	-12,625 -	-15,956	809	97.1-	-597	-1,845	-1,406	- - - - - -	-1,540 -	-1,552 -	-1891-	-1,811	-1,226 -	- 1,581	- 1,027	-1,354	884	-884 -10,175-11,116	11,116
Net capital transactions— Official— General government Reserve Bank—	317		2,722 11,629		162		\$96-	2,959	266'1		1,180	\$90'1	, ب		1,415	2,406		-2,157	7,250	9,283
Reserve assets Other Total	-1,446 -22 -1,468	3,929 21 3,950	3,950 39 3,989	405 -5 410	1,398 9 1,407	979	-1,241 -17 -1,258	485 485	85 6, 6, 86	-314 41 -273	502 -10 492	-725 -16 -741	-491 -14 -503	-190 -181	38	<del>2</del> 2 2 2	213 2 215	8 % %	5,498 5,503	31 -518
Total official	151'1-	6,672	6,672 15,618	-338	2,198	218	-2,223	3,444	1,527	117	1,672	324	-200	202	1,451	2,478	5,198	-2,063	12,753	8,765
Non-official plus balancing uem	17,461	5,953	338	946	-1,472	379	4,068	-2,038	-537	1,423	-120	1357	2,311	1,021	130 -	-1,451	-3,844	2,947	-2,578	2,351
Balance on capital account plus balancing Item	16,310	16,310 12,625	15,956	808	726	597	1,845	1,406	8	1,540	1,552	1,681	1,811	1,226	1,581	1,027	1,354	88	10,175	11,116
(a) Balance of payments basis.																				

NCE OF PAYMENTS — CURRENT ACCOUNT — SEASONALLY ADJUSTED AND TREND ESTIMATES (4)	(*** **** **** **** **** **** **** ***
TABLE 2. BALANCE OF PAYM	

				1992-93				C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C			1993-94	1.94			
	Dec.	Jan	Feb.	Mar	Apr.	Max	June	Judy	Aug.	Sept.	700	Nov.	Dec.	lan.	Feb.
Sanda Sanda Sanda Sanda						<i>-</i> ,	Seasonally Adjusted (b)	ly Adjust	(q) pa						
Merchandise — Ferrore fob															
Rural	1,471	1,511	1,425	1,366	1,363	1,416	1,461	1,458	1,475	1,513	1,552	1,540	1,475	1,599	1,509
Non-rural	3,721	3,543	3,665	3,489	3,549	3,709	3,593	3,865		3,978		3,790	3,655	3,723	3,747
Total	5,192	5,054	000	4,855	4,912		5,05			5.491		5,330	5,130		5,256
Imports fob Balance on merchandise trade	4,852	4 8 8 8	4, 319	-5.288 -433	-5,105 -193	-5,195 -70	-5,204 -150	-5,277 46	-5,331 -66	-5,441 50	-5,347 46	-5,232 98	-5,440	-5,170 152	-4,983 273
Services —															
Credits	1,224	1,276	1,272	<u>5</u>				1,376	1,350	26.	1,407	1,376	1,397	1,356	1,370
Denis Net services	-376- -318	764-1- 197-	-1,409		-182	-1,469 -131	-1,48U -163	-100		-1,491	-1,345 -138		1. 19.		160
Balance on goods and services	22	243	122	199-	-378	-201	-313	<b>8</b> 9	-225	<i>L</i> -1	<b>-92</b>	7	407	115	113
Ілсоте —															
Credits Debits	477 -1.572	450 -1.552	-1.486	\$ \$	337 -1897	-1.66.24 404.24	412 -1.595	470 -1.678	519 -1.626	525 -1.676	-1.686	475 -1.871	-1.687	484 -1.798 .	493 -1.911
Net income	-1,095		-1,038							-1,151		9661-			-1,418
Unrequised transfers —	í	ì	ì	9		,	ì	į	Ş	ì	1	į	ì		
Credits Debite	207 T	27.50	52,5	24.5 1.86 1.86	547	248 -187	236	4 7 -	797 -202	216	7 50 5	2 5	4 5	227	
Net unrequited transfers	9	82	32	29	52	38	<b>?</b>	8 8	25	22	12	7.2	37	92	49
Balance on current account	-1,010	177-	<b>88</b>	-1,786	-1,595	-1,393	-1,504	-1,203	-1,307	-1,206	-1,337	-1,364	-1,575	-1,223	-1,256
							Trent	Trend Estimates	83						
Goods and services—															
Merchandise (a) — Exports fob Imports fob	5,103	5,068 -4,905	5,020 4,940	4,989	4,996	5,047 5,191	5,141 -5,260	5,244 -5,302	5,322 -5,335	5,357 -5,356	5,351 -5,351	5,325 -5,316	5,294p -5,263p	5,294p 5,264p 5,245p -5,263p -5,201p-5,136p	5,245p -5,136p
Balance on merchandise trade	206	163	90	-17	-103	-144	611-	35-	-13	I	I	Φ.	31p	63p	109p
Balance on goods and services	£	8	-132	-209	-276	-303	-268	661-	-144	-124	-124	-113	-92p	-64p	-23p
Release on Current account	-I,132	-1,140	-1,213	-1,319 -1,419	-1,419	-1,462	-1,431	-1,359	1,364	-1,299	-1,326	-1,347	-1,355p	-1,355p-1,353p-1,334p	-1,334p

TABLE 3. BALANCE OF PAYMENTS — CURRENT ACCOUNT — MERCHANDISE (BALANCE OF PAYMENTS BASIS)

2,692 1,952 1,014 2,055 4,163 5,100 5,102 2,337 3,867 3,453 3,332 1,409 4,513 -1,105 11,265 11,876 4,811 39,845 42,176 -2,179 -9,339 1993 28,580 30,300 -1.488 -11,596-13,194 -3,822 -3,320 -4.616 - 39.193 - 42.834,303-35,371-39,511 July to Feb -2,439 4,348 -1,413 635 1992--1,991 -1,882789 2,393 3,804 5,304 5,057 2,611 3,317 3,477 2,750 1,315 659 -8,466 õ 3,937 812 -3.971 -313 3,385 1,426 -245 -519 -159 -235 -1,418 -1,046 -214 556 596 336 336 550 550 550 -502 \$ Feb. 4,416 1,398 -106 -236 -227 -556 -168 -269 -1,022 -202 -378 254 283 271 271 **468** 3,363 4,761 -1,497 \$ <u>4</u> San. 626 725 263 299 489 550 514 1,568 3,873 5,441 -539 -163 -1,083 -224 -5,297 4 325 252 47 47 347 -1.651Dec. -5,305 1,580 44, 168 -1,258 -209 381 232 124 326 336 688 634 634 297 451 450 431 193 145 885 -57**9** -201 -5.697 -392 Nov. 3,864 628 1993.94 -85 1,632 4,114 5,746 -1,228 -245 418 397 168 300 553 655 695 300 568 448 448 617 -584 -190 -1,694-5,141 Oct. \$ -5,559 1,423 5,410 256 356 189 158 236 484 700 552 290 290 392 426 426 138 591 3,987 -285 -1,721 -230 -575 Ş -194 2,698 -5,123 Sept. 1,381 3,800 -194 -103 -**1**,217 -292 -515 5,181 -538 -1,690-5,589 -5,074 327 207 165 169 513 -295 Aug. Judy 1,468 5,382 -219639 686 686 412 411 411 272 552 195 3,914 -1,229 -279 Months 82448 9 -5.581-295 -5,286 \$ 予 June 332 234 234 206 538 538 1,411 647 674 328 311 426 426 419 203 521 3,649 5,060 -189 -1,620 4, 26, -5434588 3 1,530 5,332 4,479 May 358 312 50 228 582 661 632 363 46 461 69 169 169 169 169 -182-238 -1,4814,911 432 3,802 543 -561 1,428 (\$ million) 282 308 308 250 250 507 688 622 271 255 431 318 177 464 107 3,333 -173 -254 -216 4,803 -379 -1,461-985 10 4.761 -569 4,424 5,017 24. 284 296 298 288 485 642 635 340 354 416 416 156 135 3,572 Ş -188 -5,557 55 1992.93 Mar -1,161 -224 -5,101 1,348 3,315 4,663 -563 -155-1,290-939 -1734,425 -333 4,072 8888884 Feb. 4 1,324 4,667 -162 -216 9£67 7 218 356 66 259 425 619 674 350 350 405 413 251 135 380 3,343 -529 £ -3,887 7,581 Jan 353 200 384 384 384 384 1,573 294 294 294 294 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 375 3,858 5,431 446 -299 4,780 4334 Ö -530 -1371 즇 17,079 60,015 -5,463 -2,145 -6,1563 3,752 2,953 1,073 3,365 5,936 3,913 4,583 5,211 4,347 2,020 6,017 1,283 42,936 -6,623 49,256 -51,056 -59,426 43,608 45,850 -53,963 1992. 7,942 -2.980-10,108 -11,108 -12,560 -14,228-14,712-17,751 271 54,874 1661 3,829 5,241 15,603 ,655 39,271 -2.013-5,648 -5,206 7,938 3,402 605 -2.8244.801 8 -1.490Years 3,471 -1.081 52,155 -1,830 -2,484 4,485 -1,680 -2,289 14,022 -2,323 -3,147 -5,163 2,436 948 2,887 3,595 4,136 4,737 3,123 1,907 4,355 38,133 8 2 Cereal grains & cereal preparations Sugar, sugar preparations & honey Other transport equipment (d) Chemicals (including plastics) Metals & metal manufactures God, beverages & tobacco Meat & meat preparations Coal, coke & briquettes Metal ores & minerals Von-rural exports fob Transport equipment Transport equipment Civil aircraft (b) Other manufactures Wool & sheepskins Other mineral fuels Textiles, fabrics etc Other manufactures Rural exports fob-Total exports fob mports fob (a) --Road vehicles (c) Total imports fob Endogenous (f) Other non-rural Fotal non-rural Exogenous (e) Exports fob (a) Other metals Other imports Other rural Total rural Machinery Machinery

(e) Transactions in selected goods which are lumpy by nature, subject to government arrangements or significantly affected by factors other than the general lovel of economic activity in Australia, specifically: fuels; defence equipment and other large items of equipment acquired by selected public and private enterprises. (f) Goods other than those regarded as exogenous. (c) SITC Division 78. (d) Includes civil aircraft parts. (a) Definitions of the component series are given in publication 5302.0. (b) Acquisition of aircraft by selected major airline companies

TABLE 4. BALANCE OF PAYMENTS --- CURRENT ACCOUNT --- SERVICES, INCOME AND UNREQUITED TRANSFERS (5 million)

							5	(§ million)												
		Years								W	Months								July to !	Feb
	1990.	1661	1992-			1	1992-93							<del>1</del> 993-94	7			, 	- 1	
	16	65	93	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	Мау	June	Sudy	AK.	Sept.	Oct.	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	- 7667 0-7-	7993. 64
Services —																				
Chimment	11.5	560	717	Ş	ş	9	Ş	7.7	,	3	33	:	,	}	ì	;	;		3	;
Other transportation	1603.	3 037	4 475	\$ <b>\$</b>	44.5	ţ	î,	4. 7. 7. 7.	3 5	2 5	e Š	ų <del>1</del>	S S	n t	n į	2 5	ឧទ្	នុ	401 1761	950
Traus	500 F	707	7	3 \$	767	7	7 4	0 6	200	777	€ 5	-14	9	7	Ž ;	<b>†</b> (	<b>5</b> 6			600
Osbor consisted	1,703	2	2 2	700	986	3 5	£ :	2 5	4 c	776	200	<b>3</b> :	413	55	χ 4 ξ	27 E	£ 3			4,524
that said views		10.4		7	2 .	ξ.	¥ ;	7	3	9,5	330	<del>,</del>	2	6/6	28	382	361			2,887
I outs services creatis Debits —	KKK'71	15,934	14,603	700%	1,44/	1,429	1,84,1	7,000	1231	. C	329	7.78	214	\$ \text{\tin}\exitt{\text{\tin}\exitt{\text{\tin}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\ti}\\\ \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\ti}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\ti}\}\\ \text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\\ \tittt{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\texi}\text{\text{\ti}\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texi}\text{\texi}\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\text{\texi}\text{\texi}\texit{\tex{	. 1643	1,486	245			1,210
Shirment		2 357	2 7.73	3.40	326	700	070	5	900	ç	9	9			ì	;	200			;
Singaneni Orber itansportation	-5,165 2,442	13.55 13.55	711.6-	4. C.	907	8	9 6	67-	8 7 7	567	655	-348 255	_		46 6	-314	-583		-2,544 -	2,611
Travel		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		775 Y	7 6	37.	707	C67-	17.	1 1 1 1 1	77.5	/05- 					-318			-2,522
Other services	4.4	18		7	26.	132	3 5	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	95	1 6	# G	5 5	7 50 51	_	5 P	77.7	7 7 7			20.7
Total services debits	-16,508 -16,751 -17,648	16,751	-17,648	-1,550	-1,476	-1,280	-1368 -	-1,440 -	1,436 -	1,547 -	1,604	1,501		1,551 -	1,437	,	-, 946 1,546 -	- 215'	-3,036 -11,857-1	-12,077
Net services	-3,509 -2,797 -2,785	-2,797	-2,785	-248	-29	149	-121	-180	-205	-372	-275	-223	-391	-167	٩	-15	7	211	-1,907	1967
Income —  Credits —  Property income —  Investment income —																				
Reinvested carnings Other	2,2 204 2,964	2,990 2,990	1,930	161 257	160 216	161 213	161	161 198	161 210	160 218	200	200	200	200	200	200	200	200 186	1,287 1,925	1,600
Labour and other income Total income credits	3,972 3,972	4254	514 5438 5,438	3 4 5	8 4 4	45 8 B	33	t 4 £	39 22 39	5 & <b>£</b>	16 50 478	5 42 5 5 45 19	16 49 532	433	5 <b>8</b> 17	<del>4</del> 4 €	<del>-</del>	40 33 13	354 3676	359
Debits — Property income — Investment income — Official	-3,843 -3,940 -3,576	-3,940	-3,576	-211	-280	-169	437	-301	-287	-236	-312	-286	-370	-325	<del>1</del> 0	-242	427	428	-2,315 -	-2,791
Non-official — Reinvested camings	919	-752	-2.318	-194	133			2	193	_					23.3	234				1 866
Other	-15,728 -13,503 -12,049	13,503	-12,049	-975	-93	-936		600	1.011						276	4.79- 7.79-				1,000
Other property income	-1,424 -1,620	-1,620	-1,671	149	62 I			<u>-1</u>	4 8						86	-185	-133	-132	-1,110	3
Lacous am ones monte Total income debits	-427 -320 -311 -22,100-20,141 -19,925	520 20,141		-4.552 -1,552	-1,565	1,452	-1,727, -	- 1,679 -	1,668 -	1,614	-30 -1,651	-33 -1,628 -1	- 211,1-	612't-	528'T-	-32 1,678 -1	ľ	1,790-1	-188 -13,237-1	-257 13,792
Net income	-16,128 -15,887 -14,467 -1,073 -1,125	15,887	-14,487	-1,073		-1,026	-1,242 -	-1,264 -	-1,243 -	- 1,177 -	-1,173 -	-1,108 -1	-1,180 -1	-1,286 -	-1,354 -	-1,195	-1,345 -1	-1,350 -	- 195'6	-9,991
Unrequited transfers — Credits Debits —	4,711	4,584	3,119	258	264	259	250	255	229	228	252	232	210	218	230	256	197	262	2,157	1,921
Official Non-official Total	-1,284 -999 -2,283	-1,327 -1,016 -2,343	-1,390 -1,002 -2,392	-107 89 196	-134 -88 -222	-127 -90 -217	-102 -90 -192	-101 -74 -175	-118 -74 -192	-243 -74 -317	-72 -85 -157	8 8 7 7 7 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8	24 84 55 124 84 84	-102 -76 -178	1158	-114 -103 -217	13. 13. 13.	-117 -85 -202	-826 -690 1,516 -	828 696 7,524
Net unrequited transfers	2,428	2,241	727	8	4	4	28	2	37	*	95	88	₹	\$	32	39	83	8	12	397
**************************************																				

TABLE 5. BALANCE OF PAYMENTS — CAPITAL ACCOUNT AND BALANCING ITEM (\$ million)

		4					2	(\$ million)			Mouths								Lake to Cak	1
	- 1	rears					1992.93			N.	SU PER LE			1993-04	4	•			July 10 1	
	- 76 76	-1861 20	. 58 63	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Mar.	Apr.	May	June	yba?	Aug.	Sept.	00.0	Nov.	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	1992.	1993.
Official — General government — Borrowing — Domiciled abroad — Commonwealth Government — Drawings Repayments Total State government Total domiciled abroad Domiciled in Australia Total borrowing	2,063 2,768 645 645 743	-602 -602 3,532 2,095 627	1,139 -758 381 10,135 10,516 1,104 11,620	276 276 287 280 508 501 5	-177 -177 -177 -178 -178 -178 -178 -178		1,139 1,138 1,138 2,238 900 900 1,818 -918	-1 -1 -1 -2,892 -2,891 -2,947	22 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -	-111 -111 -123 311 474 505 -115	-123 -123 -2397 -2,274 -969 -1305	-17 -17 -11.167 11.150 -136 -136	1178888	-277 -277 -282 -589 -589 -589 -589	-111 -111 1,508 1,497 -120 -120 38	-226 -226 -226 1,568 1,342 1,044 2,386	16 -16 -16 -2,069 - 2,053 - 2,874 4,927 - 8	-320 -320 -320 -2,065 -2,385 -2,170 13	2,145 1,743 2,145 1,073	-991 -991 6,971 5,980 9,279
Total general government	317	2,722	2,722 11,629	2	162	-76 <i>I</i>	\$96	2,959	1,995	390	1,180	1,065	5	386	1,415	2,406	4,983 -	-2,157	7,250	9,283
Reserve Bank— Reserve assets— Official reserve assets Allocation of SDRs Other	-1,446 -22	3,929 	3,950  39	\$ 1 ≥	1,398	975	-1,241	<b>3</b> 8   81	8 19	+314 	502	-725 -16	1493	190	61 -25	45	213	36	5,498	-549 
Total Reserve Bank	-1,468	3,950	3,989	7	1,407	626	-1258	485	468	-273	492	-741	-505	-181	36	22	215	8	5,503	-518
Total official	-l,151	6,672	6,672 15,618	-338	2,198	218	-2,223	3,444	1,527	117	1,672	324	-500	205	1,451	2,478	5,198 -	-2,063 1	12,753	8,765
Non-official plus balancing item— Public sector— Non equity securities domiciled in Australia (a) Accounts receivable/prepayments made Other (including balancing	452	-594	-291	ę. 69	116	-163	460 -21	-135 25	-34	202	-76 -2	-13 -56	-288	37	-141	24 -28	F &	4 4	136	-537
uem) (b) Total non-official nius balancipo Item	16,587	5,536	338	800 40	-1,502	320	4,549	-1,928	450	131,1	12 42	1,426	2,623	226	215	-1,455 -	-3,796	2,951	-2,781	2,844
Balance on capital account plus 16,310 12,625 15,	16,310 12,625 15,956	12,625	15,956		726	297		1,406	86	1,540	1,552	1,681	1,811	1,226			1,354		10,175	11,116

		Years								:	Months							ĺ
	1990.	1661	1885				1992-93							1993-94	26			
Official reserve accets	76	82	2	Dec.	Jan.	Feb.	Мат.	Apr.	May	June	/uly	Aug	Sept.	000	Nov.	Dec	Jan.	Feb.
(\$ million) —	1	;																
Levels at end of period	24,047	24,047 22,240	20,823	20,112	19,023	19,023 17,553 18,888	18,888	18,740	20,588	20,823	18,740 20,588 20,823 20,131 21,014		22,023	21,198	21,394	20,955	19,882	20,253
Changes in levels Of which —	2,176	2,176 -1,807	-1,417	114	-1,089	-1,470	1,335	-148	1,848	235	-692	883	1,009	-825	18	439	-1,073	371
Changes due to effects of revaluations Changes included in the	730	730 2,122	2,533	-291	309	495	\$	318	1,389	-79	-190	158	518	-1,015	257	-394	989	407
balance of payments (a)	1,446	1,446 -3,929	-3,950	405	-1,398	£7.6-	1,241	79	459	314	-505	725	491	26	<b>\</b>	45	-213	39
Exchange rates (b) — Units of foreign currency per \$A — End of period (c) — Ilmied States dollar	1970	7460	0,670	0 0 0 0 0	7017		900		()						,	ļ	;	
United Kingdom pound German mark			4453		0.4456	0.4874	0.4725	0.4530	0.4345							0.4575	0.4757	0.4825
Japanese yen Special drawing right	106.19				84.42		81.51 0.5085	79.06	72.60	71.54 71.54 0.4818	72.41	69.93 0.4769	67.85 0.4546	72.17	71.77	75.80 0.4921	78.11 0.5146	74.67 0.5143
Period average (d) — United States dollar										0.6751	0.6775					0.6728	0.6956	0.7161
United Kingdom pound German mark	0.4240	0.4381	0.4363 (	0.4442 - 080 - 080	0.4386 (	0.4732 (	0.4852 (	0.4609	0.4499	0.4470	0.4527	0.4549	0.4277			0.4515	0.4661	0.4837
Iapanese yen Special drawing right		100.97								72.51	73.03 0.4873			70.60 0.4691	72.73 0.4785	73.79 0.4858	77.59 0.5062 (	76.12 0.5165
Trade weighted index of value of the Australian dollar (May 1970 = 100) (b)—End of period (c)	59.7	55.2	49.5	\$2.4	415	103	6,0	Ş	¥ 9	6	Ş	, -	ç	5		S S	4	į
Period average (d)	58.9	58.2	52.3	52.2	51.4	51.9	53.4	52.6	51.3	49.6	20°5	8.64	87.8	4, 4, 4, 6,	49.1	Š	۲. در ت –	2 2

(a) The curies carry the opposite sign to corresponding entires in Tables 1 and 5. (b) These cachange rates and the trade-weighted index are derived using rates provided by the Reserve Bank of Australia in respect of each trading day. (c) These exchange rates and index numbers relate to the last trading day of the reference period. (d) These exchange rates and index numbers are derived by averaging figures for each trading day.

#### EXPLANATORY NOTES

#### Introduction

- 1. This publication contains preliminary estimates of Australia's balance of payments for February 1994, together with revised estimates for previous months. More comprehensive quarterly estimates are available in the December quarter 1993 issue of the quarterly balance of payments publication (5302.0) released on 10 March 1994.
- 2. Descriptions of the underlying concepts and structure of the balance of payments and the sources and methods used in compiling the estimates are presented in *Balance of Payments*, *Australia: Concepts*, *Sources and Methods* (5331.0). The publication also provides item definitions; explanations of seasonal adjustment and trend estimates; and an analysis of the quality of the estimates.

#### Accuracy, reliability and volatility

- 3. Care should be exercised in the use and interpretation of estimates in this publication. The sources available for the production of timely and reliable monthly estimates are limited and the initial estimates are made available very quickly. Consequently, the latest estimates in this publication, to a greater extent than estimates in quarterly and annual balance of payments publications, are preliminary and subject to revision as more complete and accurate information becomes available. Certain items are estimated using extrapolation techniques until source data become available. Further, the more detailed estimates may be less accurate in relative terms than broader items and aggregates of which they form components.
- 4. Particular care should be exercised in interpreting month-to-month movements in original and seasonally adjusted series as short term movements cannot be assumed to indicate changes in trend. The monthly estimates are volatile, being subject to seasonal factors (except where adjusted in Table 2) and large irregular influences. The irregular influences may reflect both random economic events and difficulties of statistical recording. Seasonal adjustment does not aim to remove the irregular or non-seasonal influences which may be present in any particular month. This means that the month-to-month movements of the seasonally adjusted estimates may not be reliable indicators of trend behaviour. For example, irregular factors unrelated to the trend account for more than half the seasonally adjusted monthly movements with the following frequency:

Balance on current account: 9 in 10 months Merchandise exports f.o.b: 8 in 10 months Merchandise imports f.o.b: 9 in 10 months

5. The impact of the irregular influences upon the seasonally adjusted series is reduced by smoothing, as shown by the trend estimates in Table 2 and the graphs. The trend estimates are generally derived by applying a 13-term Henderson-weighted moving average to the seasonally adjusted series.

#### Seasonal adjustment

- 6. The factors used in seasonally adjusting the monthly balance of payments statistics during 1994 can be obtained, for \$65.00, from Mr Trevor Jolly on Canberra (06) 252 6820.
- 7. The seasonally adjusted statistics in this publication should not be regarded as in any way definitive as results from seasonal adjustment vary according to the method used.

#### Available longer term series

8. Estimates for months prior to those shown in this publication are available and can be obtained by contacting Mr Trevor Jolly on Canberra (06) 252 6820. There may be a charge for this information.

Symbols and other usages

f.o.b. free on board n.a. not available

n.e.c. not elsewhere classified

n.y.a. not yet available

nil or rounded to zeronot applicable

p provisional

9. Where figures have been rounded, discrepancies may occur between the sums of component items and totals.

RICHARD MADDEN
Acting Australian Statistician

# INFORMATION PAPER

Commencing with the March issues of the monthly and quarterly balance of payments publications the presentation of imports data in balance of payments publications will change.

The ABS has prepared an information paper on this change, titled, Change to Commodity Classification of Merchandise Imports in Balance of Payments Publications (ABS Catalogue No 5344.0)

This information paper includes:

- a detailed description of the new classification;
- a link between the new and the old publication categories;
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